

Given $f(x) = \sqrt{2x+5}$ $g(x) = -8x^2 + 3x$ $h(x) = \frac{6}{3x-5}$ and $k(x) = \frac{1}{4}x^{\frac{3}{2}}$

14. Find $(g \circ f)(x)$

$$-16x - 40 + 3\sqrt{2x+5}$$

15. Find $g(k(x))$

$$-\frac{1}{2}k^3 + \frac{3}{4}k^{3/2}$$

16. Find $g(g(x))$

$$-512x^4 + 384x^3 - 96x^2 + 9x$$

17. Find $(k \circ k)(x)$

$$\frac{1}{32}x^{9/4}$$

18. Find $(h \circ h)(x)$

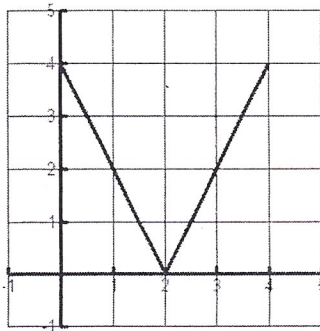
$$\frac{18x-30}{-15x+43}$$

19. Find $g^{-1}(g(x))$

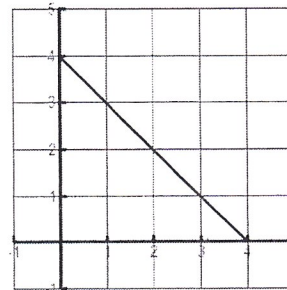
$$x$$

Use the graphs of f and g to evaluate the functions.

$f(x)$



$g(x)$



20. $(f+g)(3)$	3	$(f/g)(2)$	0	$(f^{-1})(4)$	$0, 4$
21. $(f-g)(1)$	-1	$(fg)(4)$	0	$(f^{-1})(2)$	$1, 3$
22. $(f \circ g)(2)$	0	$(g \circ f)(2)$	4	$(g^{-1})(3)$	1
23. $(f \circ g)(1)$	2	$(g \circ f)(3)$	2	$(g^{-1})(4)$	0
24. $(f \circ f)(3)$	0	$(f \circ f)(4)$	4	$(f^{-1} \circ g^{-1})(1)$	$\frac{1}{2}, 3\frac{1}{2}$
25. $(g \circ g)(1)$	1	$(g \circ g)(0)$	0	$(f^{-1} \circ f^{-1})(0)$	$1, 3$