

Day 2 Practice - Parallel and Perpendicular Lines

Find the slope of a line parallel to each given line.

1) $-y + 2x = -2$

$y = 2x + 2$

$$\boxed{2}$$

2) $0 = x + 4y - 4$

$y = -\frac{1}{4}x + 1$

$$\boxed{-\frac{1}{4}}$$

3) $-x - 1 = 0$

$x = -1$

$$\boxed{\text{undefined}}$$

4) $-2y = -x$

$y = \frac{1}{2}x$

$$\boxed{\frac{1}{2}}$$

5) $-x - y + 3 = 0$

$y = -x + 3$

$$\boxed{-1}$$

6) $y = 5$

$$\boxed{0}$$

Write the slope-intercept form of the equation of the line described.

7) through: $(3, -3)$, parallel to $y = -x - 3$

$$\begin{aligned} y &= -x + b \\ -3 &= -3 + b \\ 0 &= b \end{aligned}$$

$$\boxed{y = -x}$$

8) through: $(1, 0)$, parallel to $y = -4x$

$$\begin{aligned} y &= -4x + b \\ 0 &= -4(1) + b \\ 0 &= -4 + b \\ 4 &= b \end{aligned}$$

$$\boxed{y = -4x + 4}$$

9) through: $(3, -5)$, parallel to $y = -2x + 5$

$$\begin{aligned} y &= -2x + b \\ -5 &= -2(3) + b \\ -5 &= -6 + b \\ 1 &= b \end{aligned}$$

$$\boxed{y = -2x + 1}$$

10) through: $(2, 0)$, parallel to $y = -3$

$$\begin{aligned} y &= 0x + b \\ 0 &= 0(2) + b \\ 0 &= 0 + b \\ 0 &= b \end{aligned}$$

$$\boxed{y = 0}$$

Find the slope of a line perpendicular to each given line.

11) $-2y - 3x - 2 = 0$

$$\boxed{y = -\frac{3}{2}x - 1}$$

$$\boxed{\frac{2}{3}}$$

12) $-4x + 2 - y = 0$

$$\boxed{y = -4x + 2}$$

$$\boxed{\frac{1}{4}}$$

13) $-3y + 3 = -x$

$$y = \frac{1}{3}x + 1$$

$$\boxed{-3}$$

15) $0 = 4y - 3x + 4$

$$y = \frac{3}{4}x - 1$$

$$\boxed{\frac{-4}{3}}$$

14) $0 = y - 4$

$$y = 4$$

undefined

16) $-x = 4$

$$x = -4$$

$$\boxed{0}$$

Write the slope-intercept form of the equation of the line described.

17) through: $(-1, 0)$, perp. to $y = -x + 5$

$$y = x + b$$

$$0 = -1 + b$$

$$1 = b$$

$$\boxed{y = x + 1}$$

18) through: $(-5, 0)$, perp. to $y = \frac{5}{2}x + 2$

$$y = -\frac{2}{5}x + b$$

$$0 = -\frac{2}{5}(-5) + b$$

$$0 = 2 + b$$

$$-2 = b$$

$$\boxed{y = -\frac{2}{5}x - 2}$$

19) through: $(-3, 5)$, perp. to $x = 0$

$$\boxed{y = 5}$$

20) through: $(4, -3)$, perp. to $y = 2x - 2$

$$y = -\frac{1}{2}x + b$$

$$-3 = -\frac{1}{2}(4) + b$$

$$-3 = -2 + b$$

$$-1 = b$$

$$\boxed{y = \frac{-1}{2}x - 1}$$

Write the slope-intercept form of the equation of the line through the given point with the given slope.

21) through: $(-2, -2)$, slope = $-\frac{3}{2}$

$$y = -\frac{3}{2}x + b$$

$$-2 = -\frac{3}{2}(-2) + b$$

$$-2 = 3 + b$$

$$-5 = b$$

$$\boxed{y = -\frac{3}{2}x - 5}$$

22) through: $(4, 2)$, slope = 1

$$y = x + b$$

$$2 = 4 + b$$

$$-2 = b$$

$$\boxed{y = x - 2}$$

Write the slope-intercept form of the equation of the line through the given points.

23) through: $(-1, -4)$ and $(0, -2)$

$$\frac{-2 - (-4)}{0 - (-1)} = \frac{2}{1} = 2$$

$$y = 2x + b$$

$$-2 = 2(0) + b$$

$$-2 = b$$

$$\boxed{y = 2x - 2}$$

25) through: $(0, 2)$ and $(-1, -4)$

$$\frac{-4 - 2}{-1 - 0} = \frac{-6}{-1} = 6$$

$$y = 6x + b$$

$$2 = 6(0) + b$$

$$2 = b$$

$$\boxed{y = 6x + 2}$$

24) through: $(4, -2)$ and $(0, 5)$

$$\frac{5 - (-2)}{0 - 4} = \frac{7}{-4} = -\frac{7}{4}$$

$$y = -\frac{7}{4}x + b$$

$$5 = -\frac{7}{4}(0) + b$$

$$5 = b$$

$$\boxed{y = -\frac{7}{4}x + 5}$$

26) through: $(3, 2)$ and $(2, 5)$

$$\frac{5 - 2}{2 - 3} = \frac{3}{-1} = -3$$

$$y = -3x + b$$

$$2 = -3(3) + b$$

$$2 = -9 + b$$

$$11 = b$$

$$\boxed{y = -3x + 11}$$