Name: $\qquad$ Date: $\qquad$

## UNIT 7 TEST REVIEW

1. Prove that $A B C D$ is a parallelogram using the distances and slopes.
2. The diagonals of a rhombus are perpendicular. Find the slopes of the diagonals to prove that it's not a rhombus.

3. Prove that the figure is a parallelogram using distance, Pythagorean Theorem, or slope.


## Graph the following circles. State the center and radius.

4. $x^{2}+y^{2}=24$

Center: $\qquad$
Radius: $\qquad$

5. $(x-2)^{2}+(y+3)^{2}=25$

Center: $\qquad$
Radius: $\qquad$


Write the standard equation for the circle.
6. $x^{2}+y^{2}-10 x-2 y=-10$

## Write the general form for circle.

7. $(x-2)^{2}+(y+1)^{2}=9$
8. Write the equation of the circle centered at $(-4,6)$ with a diameter of 16 .
9. A circular disk drive has a diameter with endpoints at $(-9,2)$ and $(15,12)$. Find the center and radius of the disk drive. Write the equation of the circle in standard form.

Center: $\qquad$
$r=$ $\qquad$

## Equation:

$\qquad$
10. Find the center of a circle whose diameter has endpoints at: $(-5,3)(2,6)$.
11. Find the coordinates of the other endpoint of a diameter with an endpoint of $(-1,5)$ and a center at $(2,-3)$.
12. Circle $C$ has a center of $(5,2)$ and a radius of 6 . Does the point $(8,7)$ lie on circle $C$ ?
13. Name the polygon(s) that has the following:
a) 4 congruent sides and 4 right angles: $\qquad$
b) Diagonals are congruent and 4 right angles: $\qquad$
c) Diagonals are perpendicular and consecutive sides are congruent: $\qquad$
d) 2 pairs of parallel sides and 4 congruent sides: $\qquad$

